E AND R AMENDMENTS TO LB 588

Introduced by Enrollment and Review Committee: McGill, 26, Chairperson

- 1 1. Strike the original sections and all amendments
- 2 thereto and insert the following new sections:
- 3 Section 1. Section 48-120, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 4 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 5 48-120 (1) The employer is liable for all reasonable
- 6 medical, surgical, and hospital services, including plastic surgery
- 7 or reconstructive surgery but not cosmetic surgery when the injury
- 8 has caused disfigurement, appliances, supplies, prosthetic devices,
- 9 and medicines as and when needed, which are required by the
- 10 nature of the injury and which will relieve pain or promote and
- 11 hasten the employee's restoration to health and employment, and
- 12 includes damage to or destruction of artificial members, dental
- 13 appliances, teeth, hearing aids, and eyeglasses, but, in the case
- 14 of dental appliances, hearing aids, or eyeglasses, only if such
- 15 damage or destruction resulted from an accident which also caused
- 16 personal injury entitling the employee to compensation therefor for
- 17 disability or treatment, subject to the approval of and regulation
- 18 by the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court, not to exceed the
- 19 regular charge made for such service in similar cases.
- 20 The compensation court may shall establish schedules of
- 21 maximum fees for such services. If the The compensation court
- 22 establishes such a schedule, it shall publish and furnish such
- 23 schedule to the public. The compensation court shall review such

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schedule at least biennially and adopt appropriate changes when 1 2 necessary. The compensation court may contract with any person, 3 firm, corporation, organization, or government agency to secure 4 adequate data to establish such fees. The provider or supplier of 5 such services shall not collect or attempt to collect from any 6 employer, insurer, government, or injured employee or dependent 7 or the estate of any injured or deceased employee any amount 8 in excess of the maximum fee established by the compensation 9 court for any such service. The compensation court shall may 10 establish and charge a fee to recover the cost of published fee 11 schedules. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, 12 the compensation court may exclude from the application of 13 such schedules those services performed under a managed care 14 plan certified pursuant to section 48-120.02. Reimbursement for 15 inpatient hospital services provided by hospitals located in or 16 within twenty miles of a Nebraska city of the metropolitan class 17 or primary class and by other hospitals with fifty-one or more 18 licensed beds shall be according to the Diagnostic Related Group 19 inpatient hospital fee schedule in section 2 of this act. 20 (2)(a) The employee has the right to select a physician 21 22

who has maintained the employee's medical records prior to an injury and has a documented history of treatment with the employee prior to an injury or a physician who has maintained the medical records of an immediate family member of the employee prior to an injury and has a documented history of treatment with an immediate family member of the employee prior to an injury. For purposes of this subsection, immediate family member means the employee's

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spouse, children, parents, stepchildren, and stepparents. 1 2 employer shall notify the employee following an injury of such 3 right of selection in a form and manner and within a timeframe 4 established by the compensation court. If the employer fails to 5 notify the employee of such right of selection or fails to notify 6 the employee of such right of selection in a form and manner and 7 within a timeframe established by the compensation court, then the 8 employee has the right to select a physician. If the employee 9 fails to exercise such right of selection in a form and manner and 10 within a timeframe established by the compensation court following 11 notice by the employer pursuant to this subsection, then the 12 employer has the right to select the physician. If selection of the initial physician is made by the employee or employer pursuant to 13 14 this subsection following notice by the employer pursuant to this 15 subsection, the employee or employer shall not change the initial 16 selection of physician made pursuant to this subsection unless such 17 change is agreed to by the employee and employer or is ordered by 18 the compensation court pursuant to subsection (6) of this section. 19 If compensability is denied by the workers' compensation insurer, 20 risk management pool, or self-insured employer, (i) the employee 21 has the right to select a physician and shall not be made to 22 enter a managed care plan and (ii) the employer is liable for 23 medical, surgical, and hospital services subsequently found to be 24 compensable. If the employer has exercised the right to select 25 a physician pursuant to this subsection and if the compensation 26 court subsequently orders reasonable medical services previously 27 refused to be furnished to the employee by the physician selected

1 by the employer, the compensation court shall allow the employee

- 2 to select another physician to furnish further medical services.
- 3 If the employee selects a physician located in a community not the
- 4 home or place of work of the employee and a physician is available
- 5 in the local community or in a closer community, no travel expenses
- 6 shall be required to be paid by the employer or his or her workers'
- 7 compensation insurer.
- 8 (b) In cases of injury requiring dismemberment or
- 9 injuries involving major surgical operation, the employee may
- 10 designate to his or her employer the physician or surgeon to
- 11 perform the operation.
- 12 (c) If the injured employee unreasonably refuses or
- 13 neglects to avail himself or herself of medical or surgical
- 14 treatment furnished by the employer, except as herein and otherwise
- 15 provided, the employer is not liable for an aggravation of such
- 16 injury due to such refusal and neglect and the compensation court
- 17 or judge thereof may suspend, reduce, or limit the compensation
- 18 otherwise payable under the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act.
- 19 (d) If, due to the nature of the injury or its occurrence
- 20 away from the employer's place of business, the employee or the
- 21 employer is unable to select a physician using the procedures
- 22 provided by this subsection, the selection requirements of this
- 23 subsection shall not apply as long as the inability to make a
- 24 selection persists.
- 25 (e) The physician selected may arrange for any
- 26 consultation, referral, or extraordinary or other specialized
- 27 medical services as the nature of the injury requires.

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1 (f) The employer is not responsible for medical services

2 furnished or ordered by any physician or other person selected

3 by the employee in disregard of this section. Except as otherwise

4 provided by the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act, the employer is

5 not liable for medical, surgical, or hospital services or medicines

6 if the employee refuses to allow them to be furnished by the

7 employer.

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8 (3) No claim for such medical treatment is valid and
9 enforceable unless, within fourteen days following the first
10 treatment, the physician giving such treatment furnishes the
11 employer a report of such injury and treatment on a form prescribed
12 by the compensation court. The compensation court may excuse the
13 failure to furnish such report within fourteen days when it finds

it to be in the interest of justice to do so.

15 (4) All physicians and other providers of medical 16 services attending injured employees shall comply with all the 17 rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the compensation court and shall make such reports as may be required by it at 18 19 any time and at such times as required by it upon the condition 20 or treatment of any injured employee or upon any other matters concerning cases in which they are employed. All medical and 21 22 hospital information relevant to the particular injury shall, 23 on demand, be made available to the employer, the employee, the workers' compensation insurer, and the compensation court. 24 25 The party requesting such medical and hospital information shall 26 pay the cost thereof. No such relevant information developed in 27 connection with treatment or examination for which compensation is

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1 sought shall be considered a privileged communication for purposes

- 2 of a workers' compensation claim. When a physician or other
- 3 provider of medical services willfully fails to make any report
- 4 required of him or her under this section, the compensation court
- 5 may order the forfeiture of his or her right to all or part of
- 6 payment due for services rendered in connection with the particular
- 7 case.
- 8 (5) Whenever the compensation court deems it necessary,
- 9 in order to assist it in resolving any issue of medical fact or
- 10 opinion, it shall cause the employee to be examined by a physician
- 11 or physicians selected by the compensation court and obtain from
- 12 such physician or physicians a report upon the condition or matter
- 13 which is the subject of inquiry. The compensation court may charge
- 14 the cost of such examination to the workers' compensation insurer.
- 15 The cost of such examination shall include the payment to the
- 16 employee of all necessary and reasonable expenses incident to such
- 17 examination, such as transportation and loss of wages.
- 18 (6) The compensation court shall have the authority
- 19 to determine the necessity, character, and sufficiency of any
- 20 medical services furnished or to be furnished and shall have
- 21 authority to order a change of physician, hospital, rehabilitation
- 22 facility, or other medical services when it deems such change is
- 23 desirable or necessary. Any dispute regarding medical, surgical,
- 24 or hospital services furnished or to be furnished under this
- 25 section may be submitted by the parties, the supplier of such
- 26 service, or the compensation court on its own motion for informal
- 27 dispute resolution by a staff member of the compensation court or

an outside mediator pursuant to section 48-168. In addition, 1 2 any party or the compensation court on its own motion may 3 submit such a dispute for a medical finding by an independent 4 medical examiner pursuant to section 48-134.01. Issues submitted 5 for informal dispute resolution or for a medical finding by an independent medical examiner may include, but are not limited 6 7 to, the reasonableness and necessity of any medical treatment 8 previously provided or to be provided to the injured employee. The 9 compensation court may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations 10 regarding informal dispute resolution or the submission of disputes 11 to an independent medical examiner that are considered necessary to 12 effectuate the purposes of this section.

- 13 (7) For the purpose of this section, physician has the same meaning as in section 48-151.
- 15 (8) The compensation court shall order the employer to
 16 make payment directly to the supplier of any services provided
 17 for in this section or reimbursement to anyone who has made any
 18 payment to the supplier for services provided in this section. No
 19 such supplier or payor may be made or become a party to any action
 20 before the compensation court.
- (9) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,

 a workers' compensation insurer, risk management pool, or

 self-insured employer may contract for medical, surgical, hospital,

 and rehabilitation services to be provided through a managed care

 plan certified pursuant to section 48-120.02. Once liability for

 medical, surgical, and hospital services has been accepted or

 determined, the employer may require that employees subject to

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1 the contract receive medical, surgical, and hospital services in

2 the manner prescribed in the contract, except that an employee

3 may receive services from a physician selected by the employee

4 pursuant to subsection (2) of this section if the physician so

5 selected agrees to refer the employee to the managed care plan

for any other treatment that the employee may require and if

7 the physician so selected agrees to comply with all the rules,

8 terms, and conditions of the managed care plan. If compensability

is denied by the workers' compensation insurer, risk management

10 pool, or self-insured employer, the employee may leave the managed

11 care plan and the employer is liable for medical, surgical, and

12 hospital services previously provided. The workers' compensation

13 insurer, risk management pool, or self-insured employer shall give

14 notice to employees subject to the contract of eligible service

15 providers and such other information regarding the contract and

manner of receiving medical, surgical, and hospital services under

17 the managed care plan as the compensation court may prescribe.

18 Sec. 2. (1) Beginning January 1, 2008, the Diagnostic

Related Group inpatient hospital fee schedule shall be based on

federal medicare reimbursement as set forth in this section.

21 (2) For purposes of this section:

22 (a) Current Medicare Factor means the Medicare Diagnostic

23 Related Groups Prospective Payment System Base Rate added to the

24 Medicare Capital Rate, the Medicare Indirect Medical Education Base

25 Rate, the Medicare Capital Indirect Medical Education Base Rate,

26 the Medicare Disproportionate Share Hospital Base Rate, and the

27 Medicare Capital Disproportionate Share Hospital Rate in effect on

1 October 1, 2007, as established by the Centers for Medicare and

- 2 Medicaid Services under the United States Department of Health and
- 3 Human Services;
- 4 (b) Current Medicare Weight means the payment weight
- 5 assigned to each Medicare Diagnostic Related Group in effect on
- 6 October 1, 2007, as established by the Centers for Medicare and
- 7 Medicaid Services under the United States Department of Health and
- 8 Human Services;
- 9 (c) Diagnostic Related Group means the Medicare
- 10 Diagnostic Related Group assigned to inpatient hospital services as
- 11 established by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under
- 12 the United States Department of Health and Human Services; and
- 13 (d) Workers' Compensation Factor means the Current
- 14 Medicare Factor for each hospital multiplied by one hundred forty
- 15 percent.
- 16 (3) The Diagnostic Related Group inpatient hospital
- 17 fee schedule shall include at least thirty-eight of the most
- 18 frequently utilized Medicare Diagnostic Related Groups for workers'
- 19 compensation with the goal that the fee schedule covers at least
- 20 <u>ninety percent of all workers' compensation inpatient hospital</u>
- 21 claims in the state. Diagnostic Related Group 462 Rehabilitation
- 22 shall not be included in the Diagnostic Related Group inpatient
- 23 <u>hospital fee schedule. Trauma Diagnostic Related Groups as defined</u>
- 24 by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the
- 25 United States Department of Health and Human Services shall not be
- 26 included within the Diagnostic Related Group inpatient hospital fee
- 27 schedule until January 1, 2010.

1 (4) The Diagnostic Related Group inpatient hospital fee 2 schedule shall be established by the following methodology: 3 (a) The Diagnostic Related Group reimbursement amount 4 required under the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act shall be 5 equal to the Current Medicare Weight multiplied by the Workers' 6 Compensation Factor for each hospital; 7 (b) The Stop-Loss Threshold amount shall be the 8 Diagnostic Related Group reimbursement amount calculated in 9 subdivision (4)(a) of this section multiplied by three; 10 (c) For charges over the Stop-Loss Threshold amount of 11 the schedule, the hospital shall be paid the Diagnostic Related 12 Group reimbursement amount calculated in subdivision (4)(a) of 13 this section plus sixty percent of the charges over the Stop-Loss 14 Threshold amount; and 15 (d) For charges less than the Stop-Loss Threshold amount 16 of the schedule, the hospital shall be reimbursed the lower of 17 the hospital's billed charges or the Diagnostic Related Group reimbursement amount calculated in subdivision (4)(a) of this 18 19 section. 20 (5) For charges for all other stays or services that 21 are not on the Diagnostic Related Group inpatient hospital fee 22 schedule, the hospital shall be reimbursed under the schedule of 23 maximum fees established by the compensation court pursuant to subsection (1) of section 48-120. 24 25 (6) A hospital shall assign a Diagnostic Related Group to

Grouper Criteria. The employer, insurer, or third-party payor may

each workers' compensation claim submitted following the Medicare

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1 audit the Diagnostic Related Group assignment of the hospital.

- 2 (7) The chief executive officer of a hospital shall
- 3 sign and file with the administrator of the compensation court by
- 4 October 15 of each year a sworn statement disclosing the Current
- 5 Medicare Factor of the hospital and each item and amount making up
- 6 such factor.
- 7 (8) Each hospital and payor shall report to the
- 8 administrator of the compensation court by October 15 of each year,
- 9 in the form and manner prescribed by the administrator, the total
- 10 number of each Diagnostic Related Group service provided and the
- 11 number of times billed charges exceeding the Stop-Loss Threshold
- 12 amount were reimbursed for each Diagnostic Related Group.
- 13 (9) The administrator of the compensation court shall
- 14 review the list of Diagnostic Related Groups annually and make
- 15 necessary adjustments to comply with the applicable Diagnostic
- 16 Related Groups and weights. The compensation court may add or
- 17 subtract Diagnostic Related Groups in striving to achieve the goal
- 18 of including those Diagnostic Related Groups that encompass at
- 19 <u>least ninety percent of the hospital workers' compensation claims</u>
- 20 in the state for the year. The administrator of the compensation
- 21 court shall annually adjust the Current Medicare Factor for each
- 22 hospital based on the annual statement submitted pursuant to
- 23 <u>subsection (7) of this section.</u>
- 24 Sec. 3. Regarding payment of a claim for medical,
- 25 surgical, or hospital services for an employee under the Nebraska
- 26 Workers' Compensation Act:
- 27 (1) Payors or employers shall notify the provider within

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1 fifteen days after receiving a claim as to what information is 2 needed to process the claim. Failure to notify the provider assumes 3 the payor or employer has all information necessary to pay the 4 claim. Payors or employers shall pay providers within thirty 5 calendar days after receipt of all information necessary to process 6 the claim. Failure to pay the provider within the thirty days will 7 cause the payor or employer to reimburse the provider's billed 8 charges instead of the scheduled fees; 9 (2) If a claim is submitted electronically, the 10 claim is presumed to have been received on the date of the 11 electronic verification of receipt by the insurer or the insurer's clearinghouse. If a claim is submitted by mail, the claim is 12 13 presumed to have been received five business days after the claim 14 has been placed in the United States mail with first-class postage 15 prepaid. The presumption may be rebutted by sufficient evidence 16 that the claim was received on another day or not received at all; 17 and 18 (3) Payment of a claim by the payor or employer means the receipt of funds by the provider. If payment is submitted 19 electronically, the payment is presumed to have been received on 20 21 the date of the electronic verification of receipt by the provider 22 or the provider's clearinghouse. If payment is submitted by mail, 23 the payment is presumed to have been received five business days after the payment has been placed in the United States mail with 24 25 first-class postage prepaid. The presumption may be rebutted by 26 sufficient evidence that the payment was received on another day or

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not received at all.

1 Sec. 4. Section 48-121, Reissue Revised Statutes of

- 2 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3 48-121 The following schedule of compensation is hereby
- 4 established for injuries resulting in disability:
- 5 (1) For total disability, the compensation during such
- 6 disability shall be sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the wages
- 7 received at the time of injury, but such compensation shall not be
- 8 more than the maximum weekly income benefit specified in section
- 9 48-121.01 nor less than the minimum weekly income benefit specified
- 10 in section 48-121.01, except that if at the time of injury the
- 11 employee receives wages of less than the minimum weekly income
- 12 benefit specified in section 48-121.01, then he or she shall
- 13 receive the full amount of such wages per week as compensation.
- 14 Nothing in this subdivision shall require payment of compensation
- 15 after disability shall cease; -
- 16 (2) For disability partial in character, except the
- 17 particular cases mentioned in subdivision (3) of this section,
- 18 the compensation shall be sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the
- 19 difference between the wages received at the time of the injury and
- 20 the earning power of the employee thereafter, but such compensation
- 21 shall not be more than the maximum weekly income benefit specified
- 22 in section 48-121.01. This compensation shall be paid during the
- 23 period of such partial disability but not beyond three hundred
- 24 weeks. Should total disability be followed by partial disability,
- 25 the period of three hundred weeks mentioned in this subdivision
- 26 shall be reduced by the number of weeks during which compensation
- 27 was paid for such total disability; -

(3) For disability resulting from permanent injury of 1 2 the classes listed in this subdivision, the compensation shall be in addition to the amount paid for temporary disability, except 3 4 that the compensation for temporary disability shall cease as 5 soon as the extent of the permanent disability is ascertainable. For disability resulting from permanent injury of the following 6 7 classes, compensation shall be: For the loss of a thumb, sixty-six 8 and two-thirds percent of daily wages during sixty weeks. For the 9 loss of a first finger, commonly called the index finger, sixty-six 10 and two-thirds percent of daily wages during thirty-five weeks. For 11 the loss of a second finger, sixty-six and two-thirds percent of 12 daily wages during thirty weeks. For the loss of a third finger, sixty-six and two-thirds percent of daily wages during twenty 13 14 weeks. For the loss of a fourth finger, commonly called the little 15 finger, sixty-six and two-thirds percent of daily wages during 16 fifteen weeks. The loss of the first phalange of the thumb or of 17 any finger shall be considered to be equal to the loss of one-half 18 of such thumb or finger and compensation shall be for one-half of 19 the periods of time above specified, and the compensation for the loss of one-half of the first phalange shall be for one-fourth of 20 21 the periods of time above specified. The loss of more than one 22 phalange shall be considered as the loss of the entire finger or 23 thumb, except that in no case shall the amount received for more 24 than one finger exceed the amount provided in this schedule for 25 the loss of a hand. For the loss of a great toe, sixty-six and 26 two-thirds percent of daily wages during thirty weeks. For the 27 loss of one of the toes other than the great toe, sixty-six and 1

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2 first phalange of any toe shall be considered equal to the loss of 3 one-half of such toe, and compensation shall be for one-half of the 4 periods of time above specified. The loss of more than one phalange 5 shall be considered as the loss of the entire toe. For the loss of a hand, sixty-six and two-thirds percent of daily wages during one 6 7 hundred seventy-five weeks. For the loss of an arm, sixty-six and 8 two-thirds percent of daily wages during two hundred twenty-five 9 weeks. For the loss of a foot, sixty-six and two-thirds percent of 10 daily wages during one hundred fifty weeks. For the loss of a leg, 11 sixty-six and two-thirds percent of daily wages during two hundred 12 fifteen weeks. For the loss of an eye, sixty-six and two-thirds 13 percent of daily wages during one hundred twenty-five weeks. For 14 the loss of an ear, sixty-six and two-thirds percent of daily 15 wages during twenty-five weeks. For the loss of hearing in one ear, 16 sixty-six and two-thirds percent of daily wages during fifty weeks. 17 For the loss of the nose, sixty-six and two-thirds percent of daily 18 wages during fifty weeks. 19 In any case in which there is a loss or loss of use of more than one member or parts of more than one member set 20 21 forth in this subdivision, but not amounting to total and permanent 22 disability, compensation benefits shall be paid for the loss or 23 loss of use of each such member or part thereof, with the periods of benefits to run consecutively. The total loss or permanent 24

two-thirds percent of daily wages during ten weeks. The loss of the

total loss of use of both hands, or both arms, or both feet,

or both legs, or both eyes, or hearing in both ears, or of any

two thereof, in one accident, shall constitute total and permanent

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disability and be compensated for according to subdivision (1) of 1 2 this section. In all other cases involving a loss or loss of use of both hands, both arms, both feet, both legs, both eyes, or 3 4 hearing in both ears, or of any two thereof, total and permanent 5 disability shall be determined in accordance with the facts. Amputation between the elbow and the wrist shall be considered 6 7 as the equivalent of the loss of a hand, and amputation between 8 the knee and the ankle shall be considered as the equivalent of 9 the loss of a foot. Amputation at or above the elbow shall be 10 considered as the loss of an arm, and amputation at or above the 11 knee shall be considered as the loss of a leg. Permanent total 12 loss of the use of a finger, hand, arm, foot, leg, or eye shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of such finger, hand, 13 14 arm, foot, leg, or eye. In all cases involving a permanent partial 15 loss of the use or function of any of the members mentioned in 16 this subdivision, the compensation shall bear such relation to the 17 amounts named in such subdivision as the disabilities bear to those 18 produced by the injuries named therein. 19 If, in the compensation court's discretion, a combination 20 of member impairments from the same accident or illness adversely 21 affects a worker such that simple member disability alone does 22 not accurately assess an employee's disability and such disability 23 results in at least a thirty percent loss of earning capacity, 24 then the compensation court shall determine the employee's loss of 25 earning capacity consistent with the process for such determination 26 under subdivision (1) or (2) of this section.

If the employer and the employee are unable to agree upon

the amount of compensation to be paid in cases not covered by the

- 2 schedule, the amount of compensation shall be settled according
- 3 to sections 48-173 to 48-185. Compensation under this subdivision
- 4 shall not be more than the maximum weekly income benefit specified
- 5 in section 48-121.01 nor less than the minimum weekly income
- 6 benefit specified in section 48-121.01, except that if at the
- 7 time of the injury the employee received wages of less than the
- 8 minimum weekly income benefit specified in section 48-121.01, then
- 9 he or she shall receive the full amount of such wages per week as
- 10 compensation; -

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- 11 (4) For disability resulting from permanent disability,
- 12 if immediately prior to the accident the rate of wages was fixed
- 13 by the day or hour, or by the output of the employee, the weekly
- 14 wages shall be taken to be computed upon the basis of a workweek of
- 15 a minimum of five days, if the wages are paid by the day, or upon
- 16 the basis of a workweek of a minimum of forty hours, if the wages
- 17 are paid by the hour, or upon the basis of a workweek of a minimum
- 18 of five days or forty hours, whichever results in the higher weekly
- 19 wage, if the wages are based on the output of the employee; and -
- 20 (5) The employee shall be entitled to compensation
- 21 from his or her employer for temporary disability while
- 22 undergoing physical or medical rehabilitation and while undergoing
- 23 vocational rehabilitation whether such vocational rehabilitation is
- 24 voluntarily offered by the employer and accepted by the employee or
- 25 is ordered by the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court or any judge
- 26 of the compensation court.
- 27 Sec. 5. Section 48-1,110, Revised Statutes Cumulative

- 1 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 2 48-1,110 Sections 48-101 to 48-1,117 and sections 2 and
- 3 3 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Nebraska
- 4 Workers' Compensation Act.
- 5 Sec. 6. Original section 48-121, Reissue Revised Statutes
- 6 of Nebraska, and sections 48-120 and 48-1,110, Revised Statutes
- 7 Cumulative Supplement, 2006, are repealed.
- 8 2. On page 1, strike lines 2 through 5 and insert
- 9 "48-121, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 48-120
- 10 and 48-1,110, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006; to
- 11 change provisions relating to the hospital fee schedule, payment
- 12 of providers, and disability compensation; to provide powers and
- 13 duties for the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court; to define
- 14 terms; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original
- 15 sections.".